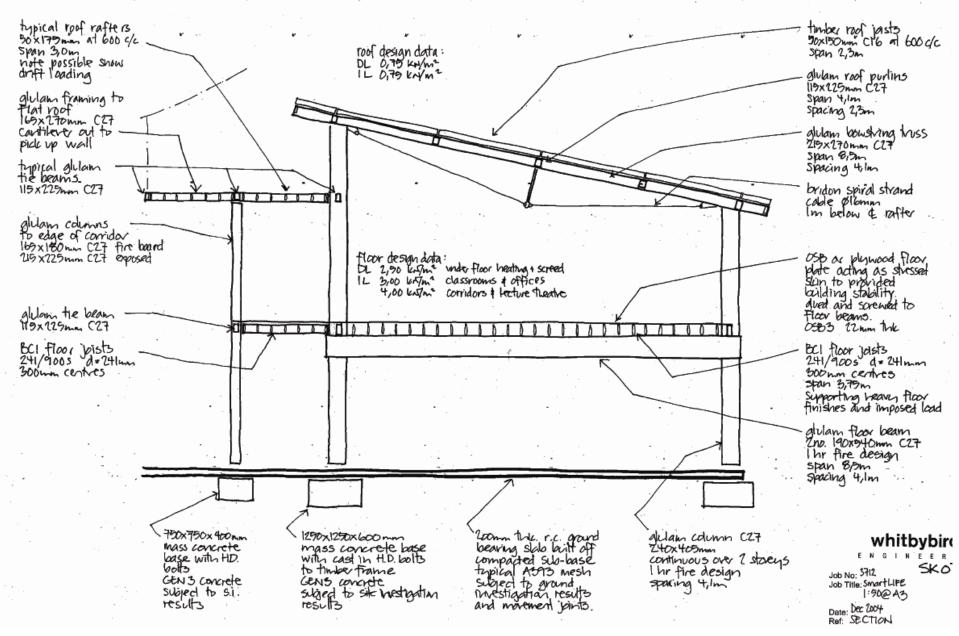
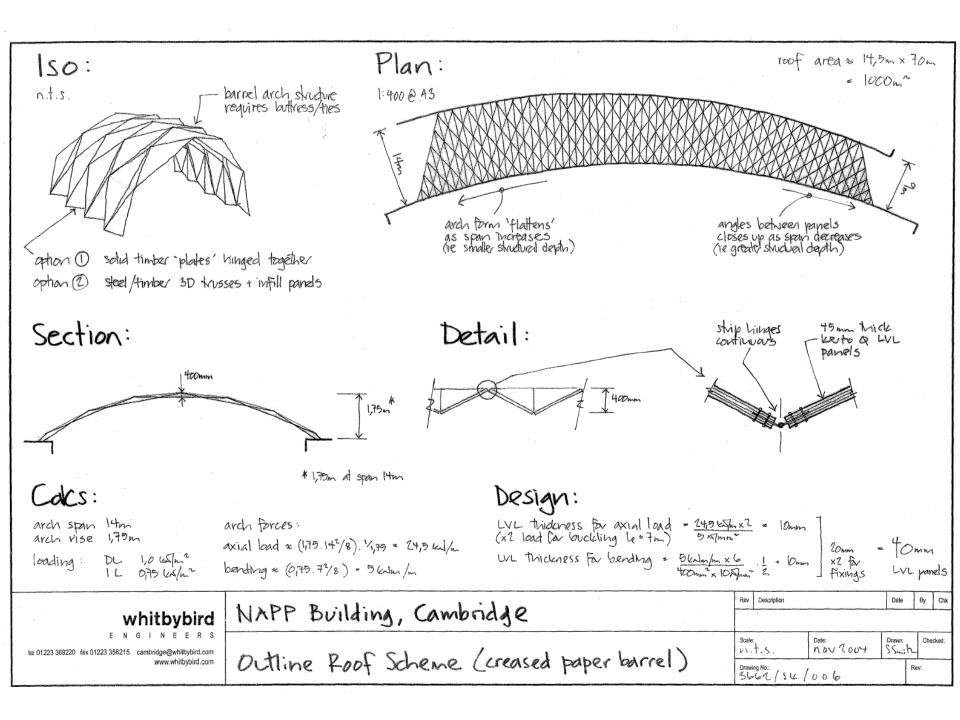
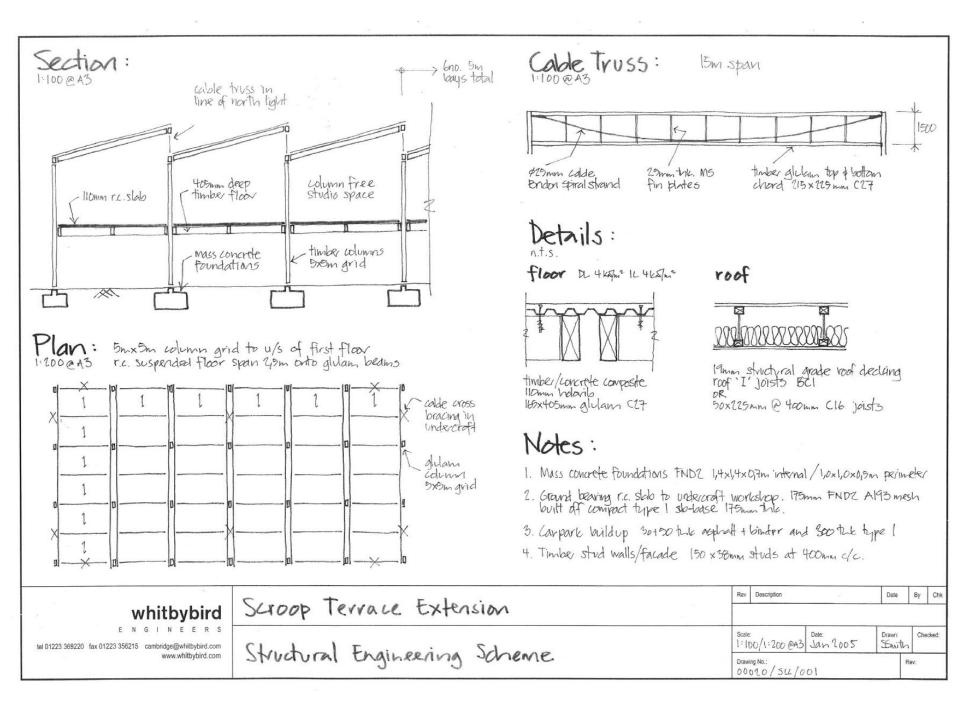
Timber Sketch Book

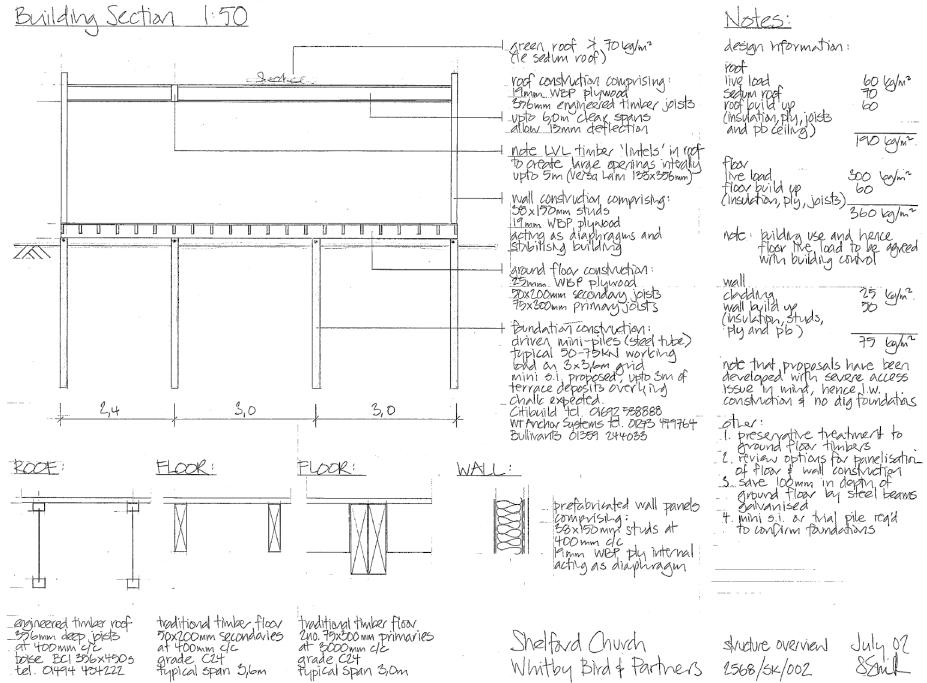
June 2012

Section: 1:50@ A3





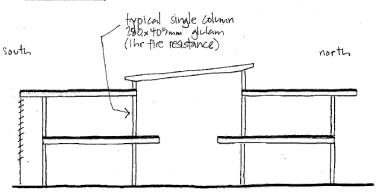




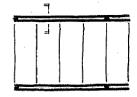
tel. 01494 43+222

Whitby Bird & Partners 2568/5K/002

Section:



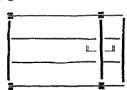
option A



8,0 x 6,0 m grid twin beams damped each site of columns d= 765mm 8 pieces per bay 4,95 m3 timber

* (lut floor option d = 585 mm)

option B



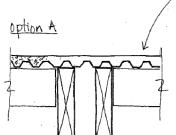
8,0 x 6,0m grid uniform beam sizes throughout d = 630mm

8 pieces per bay 5,75 m3 timber

* (Int floor option d= 540mm)

* Int flow option = timber flow deck

Details:



Alternative Floor:

Tarmac/Bison 75mm Dc. planks



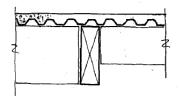
130mm Holorib Concrete Floor

140x405mm Glulam Secondary Joists at 1000mm c/c

190x765mm Glulam Primary Beams 2no. at 6000mm c/c

note: Par 8,0 x 4,5m grid timber depths reduce to 360mm \$ 675mm

obtion B



130mm Holorib Concrete Floor

190x630mm Glulam Secondary Joists at 2000mm c/c

MOX630mm Glulam Primary Beams at 8000mm c/c

Design Data:

1. All timber is exposed and section sizes allow for I hour fire resistance

2. Design loads:

raised floor + services concrete floor

50 kg/m² 275 kg/m² 25 kg/m² 250 kg/m² 100 kg/m²

live load partitions

3. Reductions in floor depths can be achieved using litt concrete Holorib

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Longhurst Offices, Boston

Timber trame Options

Description Ву

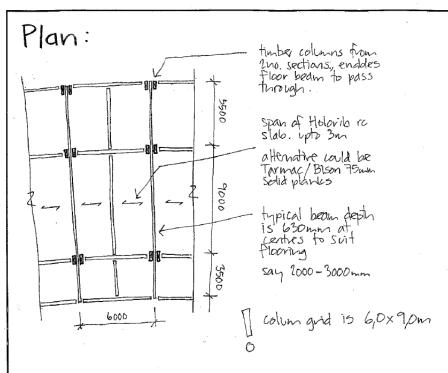
nov 2003 1:200 @ A3

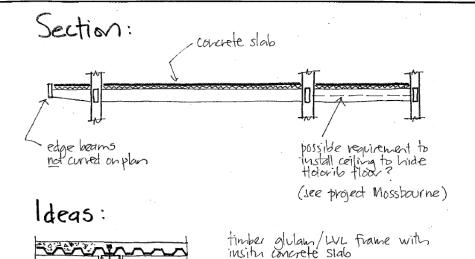
3360/SK/001

A

SSmit

Checked:





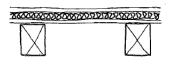
Notes:

1. design loads: floor live finishes 3,0+1,0 KJ/m2

(raised floor, services)

C27 saftwood 2. makerials: (species tbc)

3. alulam timber sections would be fire engineered but man still need spread of flame treatment.



all timbe lightweight frame and

timber fire engineered for upto the exposure (charring protection)

timber and concrete can act composite

using shear studs

'ships' gallean construction with large section floor reffers supporting phywroid or LVL floor decle.

see project UoC taculty of Education in cambridge

Structure self weight 25% - 45% of steel or r.c. scheme

whitbybird

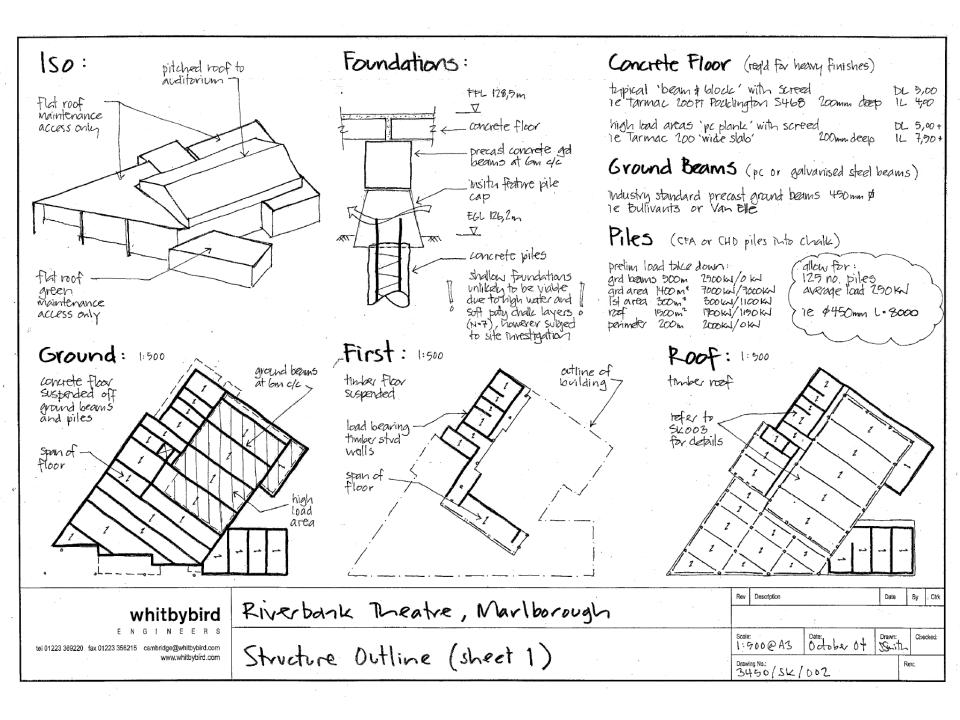
ENGINEERS

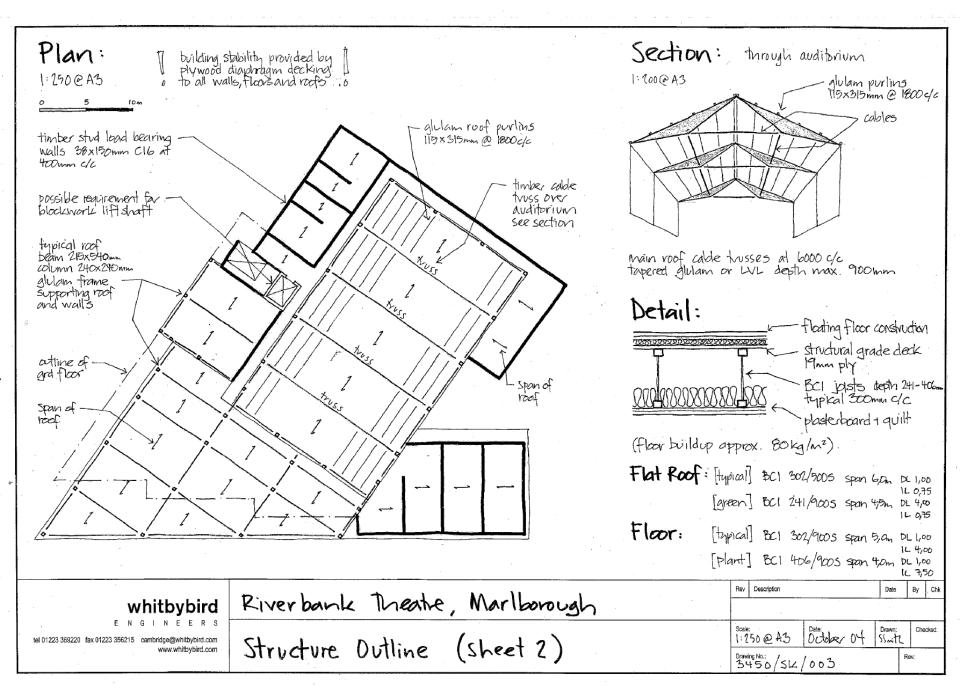
tel 01223 369220 fax 01223 356215 cambridge@whitbybird.com

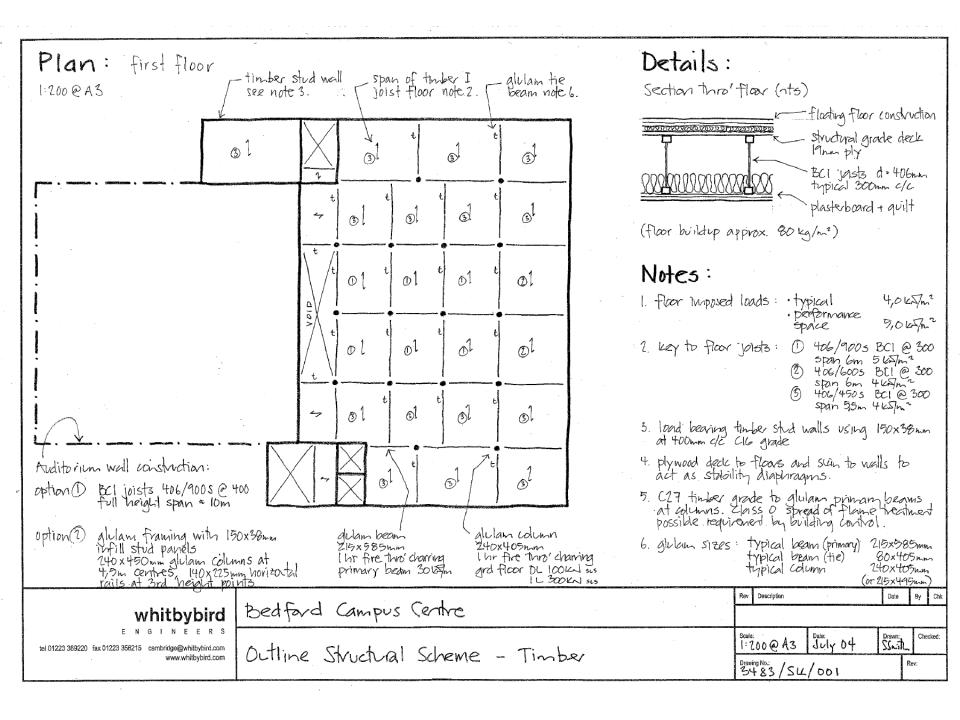
NAPP Building, Cambridge

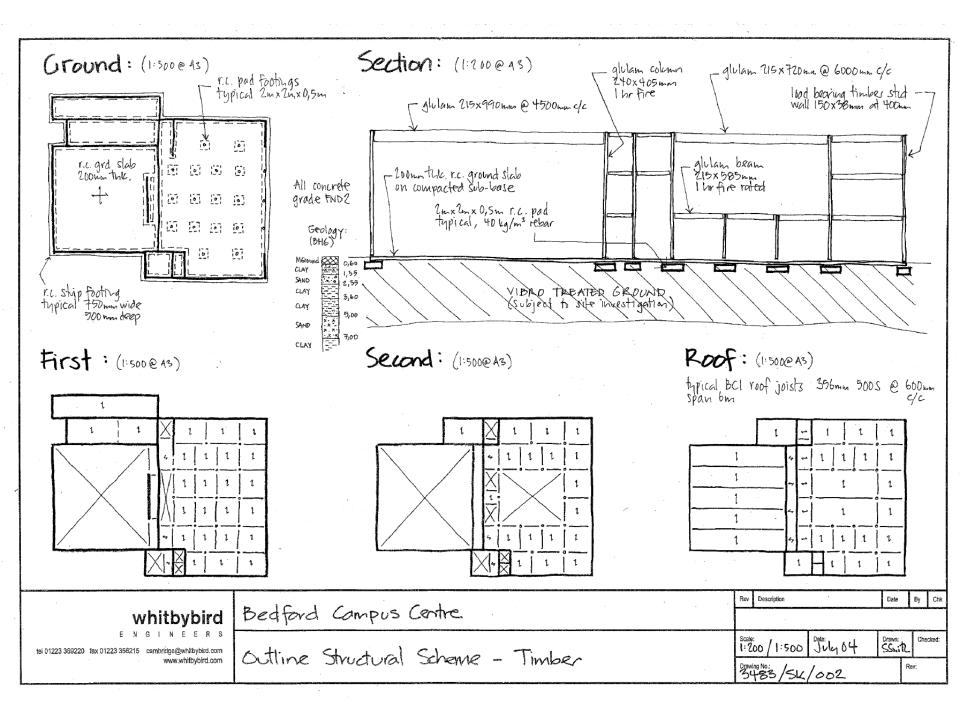
Dutline Structure Scheme timber frame

Rev Description Date By Chk Drawn: SSh Checked: Oct 2004 1:200@A3 Drawing No.: | SK | DOY

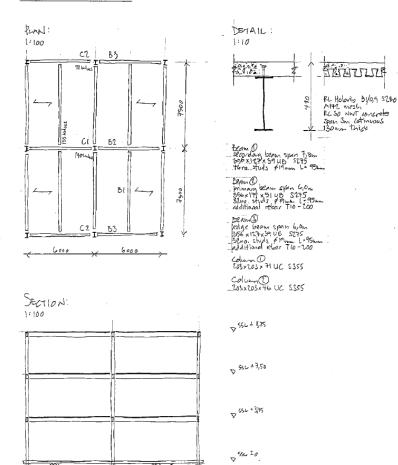








STEEL FRAME



200m rc. grd slab PND2 concrete

A393 mesh built of 150m computed

subbase

NOTES:

1000x1600x4500m

FAID 2 concrete 50 kg rebas

I stell frame beaus and columns require fire protectia (banday) or introduces to paint) to addiene boards rating.

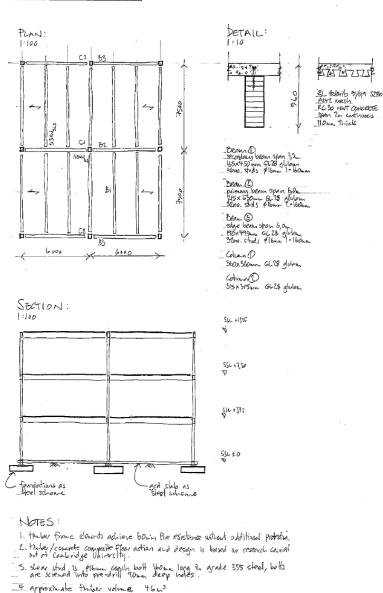
- 1900×1500×600mg

FNDZ concrete

100 kg idas

- 2.41 stellmust delivered to site with 25micron earl rich primer. 3.5100m 13 designed using steel/concrete comparile action
- 4. approximate steel tennage 21t (incl. allowance for connections)

TIMBER FAAME



Notes

- I. The shrowest frames drawn are far the year surpose of a cost study. They are bused on a theoretical commercial office building in the UK. The building would be a 15m wide rectangular bear with circular cores are tissues positioned at the ends of the building. The building is
- 2. The sheet frame design is based as a fairly typical based as a fairly typical compository with standard universal brain setting.
- 3. The timber frame design is based on a "holovis" concele. Plear acting compositely with globan because the derign of this floar system is based on research carried act of combovidage University.
- t. Design Lords:
 floor imposed lead 3.0+1.0 by
 raised floor
 ceiling
 services
- 5. toundathi informatia is based an a typical safe allowable bearing pressure of 150 KJm²
- 6. Building stability is achieved through braced cores and plate action of the flows.
- 7. Cladday to the building could vary. A floor edge load of 5 calm has been allowed for In the darign.
- 8. Beaun connection loads are Indus for steel ULS and timber SLS.

PRELIMINARY

timber versus steel

White formal

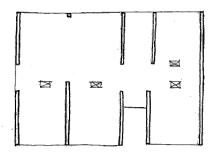
structural bay strudy 7,5 x 6,0m grid

1:100@Al April Eas SSm

00020/SK/001

101

Plan:



Solid timber floor spanning between crosswalls 189mm thk.

solid timbe crosswalls support floor, party walls 2 separate leafs

lso:



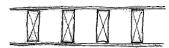
Floor:

Solid timber floor/wall panels

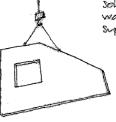


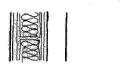
www.merk.de (LENOBAU)

traditional timber panel option using solid or eng. timber sections



Walls:





solid timber wall panels support flows

Notes:

Section:

design loads live load accommodation areas Corridous etc.

deadload finishes

finishes bothroon pods 1,5kN/m2 3,0kN/m2

0,5 km/m1 tbc timber roof

Solid timber floor in roof to support plant load

Solid finder wall panels provide support to floevs party walls are constructed from 2 leaf panels

Solid timber floor panels 189mm Thk

local beams/lintels to support floor

foundations are subject to results of site investigation

lightweight prefab frame solution which requires acoustic \$ thermal mass issues to be addressed

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Trinity Hall Street Accommodation

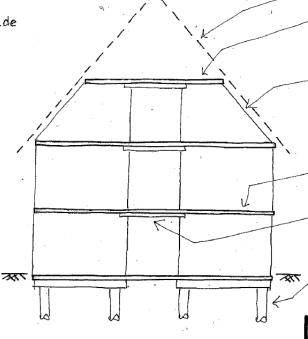
Strictural Scheme Timber

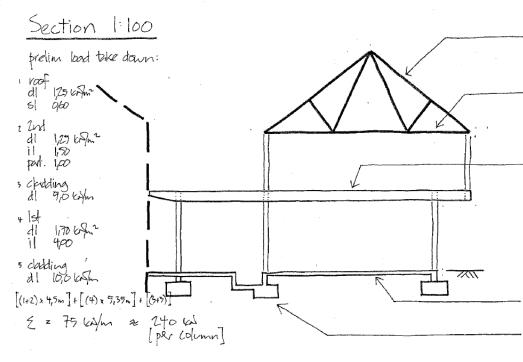
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 Rev:
 31+1/SK/004
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Oce (UK) Ltd. 1641





. Fino. steel voof trusses spanning 9,0m supporting roof construction and second floor construction trusses at approx. 3,2m centres maximum with allowance for central abor opening

traditional timber Proor construction to 2nd floor 7"x2" SC4 Proor joists at 400mm centres all \$ 1,75 km/m²

structural grade phywood floor decking forming horizontal diaphragun action at 2nd floor level

exposed timber frame forming columns, beams and flow joists. all timbers architecturally featured and timber sizes dimensioned for I be fire case (ie no fire protection required)

LVL columns and main primary beams at 32m contres traditional 9"x3" SC4 floor joists in pairs at 470mm 29mm structural grade plywood floor decking forming horizontal diaphragm at 1st floor level

timber cardilever helps cold bridge issue but not best suited to support of 'heavy' traditional cavity wall

insitur r.c. ground bearing slab 20mm thk, built of handcare sub-base

insity r.c. shallow stylp & pad foundations subject to si. results and discussion with the officer

Plan 1:100

exposed timber frame to first floor (LVL and SC4)

floor weight info: timber floor

60 Kg/m²

materials info:

WL WL 5C4

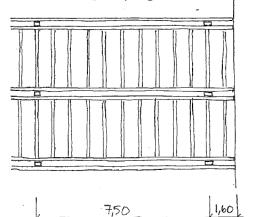
primary learns floor joists

4,00 km/m²

imposed floor load raised floor + services possible p-board structure s.w.

structure design, info:

0,85 64m2 0,29 69m2 0,60 69m2 (note: floor joist spacing shown indicative!)



1st Ploor:

LVL 450x125
(2no. main beaus)

LVL 225x300
(1no. main column)

Notes:

1. Maximum structural member weight \$ 479 kg (14m long LVL 450x129mm beam)

2. no thermal mass

Whitty Bird & Brtners Tyndale House 2715/SKO3 Structure Scheme May 02 Option (2) SSIML

